1.0 Guidance

Overview

The Better Care Fund (BCF) requirements for capacity and demand plans are set out in the BCF Planning Requirements document for 2022-23, which supports the aims of the BCF Policy Framework and the BCF programme. The programme is jointly led and developed by the national partners Department of Health (DHSC), Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities, NHS England (NHSE), Local Government Association (LGA), working with the Association of Directors of Adult Social Services (ADASS).

Appendix 4 of the Planning Requirements sets out guidance on how to develop Capacity and Demand Plans,

This template has been designed to collect information on expected capacity and demand for intermediate care. These plans should be agreed between Local Authority and Integrated Care Board partners and signed

The template is split into three main sections.

Demand - used to enter the expected demand for short term, intermediate care services in the local authority (HWB) area from all referral sources from October 2022-March 2023. There are two worksheets to

- Sheet 3.1 Hospital discharge expected numbers of discharge requiring support, by Trust.
- Sheet 3.2 Community referrals (e.g. from Single points of Access, social work teams etc)

Intermediate care capacity - this is also split into two sheets (4.1 Capacity - Discharge and 4.2 Capacity - community). You should enter expected monthly capacity available for intermediate care services to support discharge and referrals from community sources. This is recorded based on service type. Data for capacity and demand should be provided on a month by month basis for the third and fourth

Spend data - this worksheet collects estimated spend across the local authority area on intermediate care for the whole year ie 2022-23. This should include all expenditure (NHS and LA funded) on intermediate care services as defined in appendix 4 of the BCF Planning Requirements.

Note on entering information into this template

Throughout the template, cells which are open for input have a yellow background and those that are prepopulated have a grey background, as below:

Data needs inputting in the cell

Pre-populated cells

Note on viewing the sheets optimally

To view each of the sheets and in particular the drop down lists clearly on screen, please change the zoom level to between 90% - 100%. Most drop downs are also available to view as lists in the relevant sheet or in

The details of each sheet in the template are outlined below.

2. Cover

 The cover sheet provides essential information on the area for which the template is being completed, cont
 Question completion tracks the number of questions that have been completed; when all the questions in each section of the template have been completed the cell will turn green. Only when all cells are green england.bettercarefundteam@nhs.net

(please also each copy in your respective Better Care Manager)

If you have any queries on the template then please direct these to the above email inbox or reach out via

3. Please note that in line with fair processing of personal data we request email addresses for individuals completing the reporting template in order to communicate with and resolve any issues arising during the reporting cycle. We remove these addresses from the supplied templates when they are collated and delete

3. Demand

This section requires the Health & Wellbeing Board to record expected monthly demand for supported discharge by discharge pathway (as set out in the Hospital Discharge Guidance avalable on Gov.uk) Data can be entered for individual hospital trusts that care for inpatients from the area. Multiple Trusts can be selected from the drop down list in column F. You will then be able to enter the number of expected discharges from each trust by Pathway for each month. The template uses the pathways set out in the https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/hospital-discharge-and-community-support-guidance/hospital-We suggest that you enter data for individual trusts where they represent 10% or more of expected discharges in the area. Where a Trust represents only a small number of discharges (less than 10%), we recommend that you amalgamate the demand from these sources under the 'Other' Trust option. The table at the top of the screen will display total expected demand for the area by discharge pathway and Estimated levels of discharge should draw on:

- Estimated numbers of discharges by pathway at ICB level from NHS plans for 2022-23
- Data from the NHSE Discharge Pathways Model.

3.2 Demand - Community

This worksheet collects expected demand for intermediate care services from community sources, such as multi-disciplinary teams, single points of access or 111. The template does not collect referrals by source, and you should input an overall estimate each month for the number of people requiring intermediate care

Further detail on definitions is provided in Appendix 4 of the Planning Requirements. This includes the NICE Guidance definition of 'intermediate care' as used for the purposes of this exercise.

4.1 Capacity - discharge

This sheet collects expected capacity for services to support people being discharged from acute hospital. You should input the expected available capacity to support discharge across these different service types:

- Voluntary or Community Sector (VCS) services
- Urgent Community Response
- Reablement or reabilitation in a person's own home
- Bed-based intermediate care (step up or step down)
- Residential care that is expected to be long-term (collected for discharge only)

Please consider the below factors in determining the capacity calculation. Typically this will be (Caseload*days in month*max occupancy percentage)/average duration of service or length of stay Caseload (No. of people who can be looked after at any given time)

Average stay (days) - The average length of time that a service is provided to people, or average length of Please consider using median or mode for LoS where there are significant outliers

Peak Occupancy (percentage) - What was the highest level of occupany expressed as a percentage? This will usually apply to residential units, rather than care in a person's own home. For services in a person's own home then this would need to take into account how many people, on average, that can be provided with 4.2 Capacity - community

This sheet collects expected capacity for intermediate care services where a person has been referred from a community source. You should input the expected available capacity across the different service types.

You should include expected available capacity across these service types for eligible referrals from community sources. This should cover all service intermediate care services to support recovery, including Urgent Community Response and VCS support. The template is split into 5 types of service:

- VCS services to support someone to remain at home
- Urgent Community Response (2 hr response)

- Reablement or rehabilitation in a person's own home
- Bed-based intermediate care (step up)

5.0 Spend

This sheet collects top line spend figures on intermediate care which includes:

- Overall spend on intermediate care services - using the definitions in the planning requirements (BCF and non-BCF) for the whole of 2022-23

- Spend on intermediate care services in the BCF (including additional contributions).

These figures can be estimates, and should cover spend across the Health and Wellbeing Board (HWB). The figures do not need to be broken down in this template beyond these two categories.





Version 1.0

Health and Wellbeing Board:	Manchester	
Completed by:	David Regan	
E-mail:	david.regan@manchester.	gov.uk
Contact number:	07770981699	
Has this report been signed off by (or on behalf of) the HWB at the time of		
submission?	No, subject to sign-off	
		<< Please enter using the format,
If no, please indicate when the report is expected to be signed off:	Wed 02/11/2022	DD/MM/YYYY
Please indicate who is signing off the report for submission on behalf of the H	NB (delegated authority is	also accepted):
Job Title:	Director of Public Health	
Name:	David Regan	
	-	

How could this template be improved?

Question Completion - Once all information has been entered please send the template to <u>england.bettercarefundteam@nhs.net</u> saving the file as 'Name HWB' for example 'County Durham HWB'

<- Link to the Guidance sheet</p>

^^ Link back to top

3.1 Demand - Hospital Discharge

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

Manchester

3. Demand

This section requires the Health & Wellbeing Board to record expected monthly demand for supported discharge by discharge pathway.

Data can be entered for individual hospital trusts that care for inpatients from the area. Multiple Trusts can be selected from the drop down list in column F. You will then be able to enter the number of expected discharges from each trust by Pathway for each month. The template uses the pathways set out in the Hospital Discharge and community support guidance -

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/hospital-discharge-and-community-support-guidance/hospital-discharge-and-community-support-guidance

If there are any 'fringe' trusts taking less than say 10% of patient flow then please consider using the '**Othe**r' Trust option.

The table at the top of the screen will display total expected demand for the area by discharge pathway and by month.

Estimated levels of discharge should draw on:

- Estimated numbers of discharges by pathway at ICB level from NHS plans for 2022-23

- Data from the NHSE Discharge Pathways Model.

Totals Summary (autopopulated)	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
0: Low level support for simple hospital discharges - e.g. Voluntary or Community Sector support - (D2A Pathway 0)	101	131	78	122	162	223
1: Reablement in a persons own home to support discharge (D2A Pathway 1)	209	210	165	238	190	196
2: Step down beds (D2A pathway 2)	60	60	60	60	60	60
3: Discharge from hospital (with reablement) to long term residential care (Discharge to assess pathway 3)	61	61	61	61	61	61

Any assumptions made:	0 - These figures relate to the support offered by voluntary and community sector related
	to the Home from Hospital service to support people on discharge. Full figures for
	voluntary sector activity are not available as the voluntary grants are based on supporting
	their existing activity not the contracting for specific numbers. Some people will get
	support from the voluntary sector on discharge without receiving home from hospital, but

!!Click on the filter box below to select Trust first!!	Demand - Discharge						
Trust Referral Source (Select							
as many as you need)	Pathway	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
MANCHESTER UNIVERSITY NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	0: Low level support for simple hospital discharges - e.g. Voluntary or Community Sector	50	60	39	60	80	100
MANCHESTER UNIVERSITY NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	1: Reablement in a persons own home to support discharge (D2A Pathway 1)	209	210	165	238	190	196
MANCHESTER UNIVERSITY NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	2: Step down beds (D2A pathway 2)	60	60	60	60	60	60
MANCHESTER UNIVERSITY NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	3: Discharge from hospital (with reablement) to long term residential care (Discharge to	61	61	61	61	61	61

3.0 Demand - Community

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

Manchester

3.2 Demand - Community

This worksheet collects expected demand for intermediate care services from community sources, such as multi-disciplinary teams, single points of access or 111. The template does not collect referrals by source, and you should input an overall estimate each month for the number of people requiring intermediate care (nondischarge) each month, split by different type of intermediate care.

Further detail on definitions is provided in Appendix 4 of the Planning Requirements. This includes the NICE Guidance definition of 'intermediate care' as used for the purposes of this exercise.

 Any assumptions made:
 1. VCSE - Not collectable as the contracts are not for specific numbers. This is an estimate based on total hospital discharge and demand for home from hospital services. Demand and capacity have been set at the same level because it just relates to referrals expected from home from home as overall demand figures are not available.

 2. Crisis response information - MCR (MLCO): These are an estimate of average monthly

Demand - Intermediate Care						
Service Type	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
Voluntary or Community Sector Services	60	60	60	120	120	120
Urgent community response	440	440	440	440	440	440
Reablement/support someone to remain at home	71	73	60	80	70	84
Bed based intermediate care (Step up)	3	3	3	3	3	3

Manchester

4.0 Capac	ity - D	isc	harge
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Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

4.1 Capacity - discharge

This sheet collects expected capacity for services to support people being discharged from acute hospital. You should input the expected available capacity to support discharge across these different service types:

- Voluntary or Community Sector (VCS) services

- Urgent Community Response

- Reablement or reabilitation in a person's own home

- Bed-based intermediate care (step down)

- Residential care that is expected to be long-term (collected for discharge only)

Please consider the below factors in determining the capacity calculation. Typically this will be (Caseload*days in month*max occupancy percentage)/average duration of service or length of stay

Caseload (No. of people who can be looked after at any given time)

Average stay (days) - The average length of time that a service is provided to people, or average length of stay in a bedded facility

Please consider using median or mode for LoS where there are significant outliers

Peak Occupancy (percentage) - What was the highest levels of occupany expressed as a percentage? This will usually apply to residential units, rather than care in a person's own home. For services in a person's own home then this would need to take into account how many people, on average, that can be provided with services.

Any assumptions made:	Intermediate care figures based on 100% capacity as max occupancy levels.
	Residential Care Capacity only reported for P3 D2A block booked beds

Capacity - Hospital Discharge							
Service Area	Metric	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
VCS services to support discharge	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	51	71	39	62	82	123
Urgent Community Response (pathway 0)	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	50	50	50	70	70	70
Reablement or reabilitation in a person's own home (pathway 1)	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	225	225	210	240	240	250
Bed-based intermediate care (step down) (pathway 2)	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	76	76	76	76	76	76
Residential care that is expected to be long- term (discharge only)	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	30	30	30	30	30	30

Manchester

4.2 Capacity - Community

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

<u>4.2 Capacity - community</u>

This sheet collects expected capacity for community services. You should input the expected available capacity across the different service types. You should include expected available capacity across these service types for eligible referrals from community sources. This should cover all service intermediate care services to support recovery, including Urgent Community Response and VCS support. The template is split into 5 types of service:

- Voluntary or Community Sector (VCS) services

- Urgent Community Response

- Reablement or rehabilitation in a person's own home

Bed-based intermediate care (step up)

Please consider the below factors in determining the capacity calculation. Typically this will be (Caseload*days in month*max occupancy percentage)/average duration of service or length of stay

Caseload (No. of people who can be looked after at any given time)

Average stay (days) - The average length of time that a service is provided to people, or average length of stay in a bedded facility

Please consider using median or mode for LoS where there are significant outliers

Peak Occupancy (percentage) - What was the highest levels of occupany expressed as a percentage? This will usually apply to residential units, rather than care in a person's own home. For services in a person's own home then this would need to take into account how many people, on average, that can be provided with services.

Any assumptions made:	VCS data relates only to two providers delivering Home from Hospital services across the city (data totals have
	been combined for both organisations)
	Intermedite care capacity is combined and not ringfenced to step-up/down.

Capacity - Co	mmunity						
Service Area	Metric	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
Voluntary or Community Sector Services	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	60	60	60	120	120	120
Urgent Community Response	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	30	30	30	30	30	30
Reablement or rehabilitation in a person's own home	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	75	75	70	80	80	89
Bed based intermediate care (step up)	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

5.0 Spend

Manchester

5.0 Spend This sheet collects top line spend figures on intermediate care which includes:

- Overall spend on intermediate care services (BCF and non-BCF) for the whole of 2022-23 $\,$

- Spend on intermediate care services in the BCF (including additional contributions).

These figures can be estimates, and should cover spend across the Health and Wellbeing Board (HWB). The figures do not need to be broken down in this template beyond these two categories.

Spend on Intermediate Care 2022-23 Overall Spend (BCF & Non BCF) £122,648,943 BCF related spend £31,749,311 Comments if applicable